Designation: F3009 - 14 (Reapproved 2018)

# Standard Specification for Polyolefin Composition Floor Tile<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F3009; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers polyolefin composition tile with either smooth or embossed surfaces flooring application for use in commercial, light commercial or residential surfaces flooring application.
- 1.2 This specification covers a tile that shall be composed of binder, fillers and pigments. The binder shall consist of one or more resins of polyolefin, polyolefin copolymers or polyolefin ter-polymers (or other suitable), or any desirable combination. Other suitable polymeric resins may be incorporated as part of the binder provided the polyolefin portion of the binder system is greater than 50 %.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
  - 2.2 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

**D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics** 

F141 Terminology Relating to Resilient Floor Coverings

F386 Test Method for Thickness of Resilient Flooring Materials Having Flat Surfaces

F925 Test Method for Resistance to Chemicals of Resilient Flooring

F1265 Test Method for Resistance to Impact for Resilient Floor Tile

F1304 Test Method for Deflection of Resilient Floor Tile

F1514 Test Method for Measuring Heat Stability of Resilient Flooring by Color Change

F1515 Test Method for Measuring Light Stability of Resilient Flooring by Color Change

F1914 Test Methods for Short-Term Indentation and Residual Indentation of Resilient Floor Covering

F2055 Test Method for Size and Squareness of Resilient Floor Tile by Dial Gage Method

F2199 Test Method for Determining Dimensional Stability and Curling Properties of Resilient Flooring after Exposure to Heat

2.3 Other Standards:<sup>3</sup>

ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 (most recent version)-Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

# 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 *polyolefin*, n—a polymer prepared by the polymerization of an olefin(s) as essentially the sole monomer(s). (**D20**)

# 4. Classification

4.1 The polyolefin composition floor tile covered by this specification shall be non-asbestos formulated and classified as follows: Class 1 for solid tile, Class 2 for through pattern tile, and Class 3 for surface pattern tile. These may have either smooth or embossed wearing surfaces.

## 5. Ordering Information

5.1 The purchaser shall state whether this specification is to be used, select the preferred options permitted herein, and shall include the following information in the invitation to bid and purchase order:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F06 on Resilient Floor Coverings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F06.80 on Specifications.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

- 5.1.1 Title, number, and date of this specification,
- 5.1.2 Class, color, pattern, and wearing surface (see Section 6),
  - 5.1.3 Quantity in square feet or cartons,
  - 5.1.4 Size required (see 7.1),
  - 5.1.5 Thickness required (see 7.2),
- 5.1.6 Lot formation if other than as specified in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 (see Sections 11 and 13),
- 5.1.7 Sampling, if other than as specified in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 (see Sections 11 and 13),
- 5.1.8 Packing requirements if other than as specified (see 16.1),
  - 5.1.9 Depth of depressed areas, if required,
- 5.1.10 Palletization, if required (agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser),
- 5.1.11 Marking, if other than specified (agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser), (see 15.1), and
- 5.1.12 Other requirements (agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser).

#### 6. Materials and Manufacture

- 6.1 *Materials*—The tile shall be composed of binder, fillers, and pigments. The binder shall consist of one or more resins of polyolefin, polyolefin copolymers, or polyolefin ter-polymers (or other suitable), or any desirable combination. Other suitable polymeric resins may be incorporated as a part of the binder provided the polyolefin portion of the binder system is greater than 50 %.
- 6.2 Color, Pattern, and Wearing Surface—The color, pattern, and wearing surface, as applicable shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 5.1).

Note 1—The colors and patterns that are available are indicated in individual manufacturer's current catalogs. As manufactured, colors vary somewhat in hue and shade.

- 6.3 Solid Color Tile—Solid color tile shall be uniform throughout.
- 6.4 Through Pattern Tile—In through pattern tile, either the pattern and colors on the surface of the tile extend entirely through the thickness of the tile without significant change, or the colors appearing on the surface shall extend throughout the entire thickness of the tile, although the appearance of the pattern created by these colors will change throughout the thickness.
- 6.5 Surface Pattern Tile—The pattern of this tile need not extend through the entire thickness of the tile.
- 6.5.1 The appearance of the tile, when the wearing layer is removed to a depth of 0.010 in. (0.254 mm), shall compare favorably for decoration with the tile's original appearance. The removal of the wearing layer may be accomplished by any suitable method.

#### 7. Physical Properties

7.1 Size—Unless otherwise specified (see 5.1.4), the tile shall be 12 by 12 in. (305 by 305 mm). A tolerance of  $\pm 0.016$  in. (0.406 mm) per linear ft (305 mm) shall be permitted when measured in accordance with Test Method F2055. Certain specialty items are available in other sizes.

- 7.2 *Thickness*—Unless otherwise specified (see 5.1.5), the tile shall be furnished in 0.062-in. (1.588-mm), 0.080-in. (2.032-mm), or 0.125-in. (3.175-mm) thickness. A tolerance of  $\pm 0.005$  in. (0.127 mm) shall be permitted when measured in accordance with Test Method F386.
- 7.3 Squareness—When tested in accordance with Test Method F2055, the out-of-squareness of the tile shall not exceed 0.010 in. (0.254 mm).

#### 8. Mechanical Properties

- 8.1 Indentation:
- 8.1.1 When the tile is tested in accordance with Test Method F1914 at a temperature of 77°F (25°C), the indentation at the end of 1 min shall be not less than 0.007 in. (0.152 mm), and not more than 0.012 in. (0.381 mm).
- 8.1.2 *Embossed Tile*—When the requirement for flat surface as set forth in Test Method F1914 cannot be met, the test shall be made by the manufacturer on un-embossed stock and the manufacturer shall supply a certificate of compliance.
- 8.2 *Impact*—When the tile is tested in accordance with Test Method F1265, the tile shall not break or crack beyond the prescribed circle of zinc oxide paste.
- 8.2.1 For  $\frac{1}{8}$ -in. (3.175-mm) tile the weight shall be dropped from a height of 20 in. (508 mm). For tile gage less than  $\frac{1}{8}$  in., the weight shall be dropped from a height of 10 in. (254 mm). Test all products with a 0.143-lb (0.065-kg) weight dropped 4 times.

## 9. Performance Requirements

- 9.1 *Deflection*—The tile, when tested in accordance with Test Method F1304, shall deflect not less than 1.0 in. (25.4 mm) both across and with the grain, without breaking.
- 9.2 *Dimensional Stability*—When tested in accordance with Test Method F2199, the linear dimensions shall not change more than 0.024 in. (0.610 mm) per linear foot.
- 9.3 Resistance to Chemicals: The chemical resistance of the tile shall be determined in accordance with Test Method F925. Polyolefin composition floor tile shall have no more than a slight change in surface dulling, surface attack, or staining when exposed to the following chemicals:
  - 9.3.1 White vinegar (5 % acetic acid),
  - 9.3.2 Rubbing alcohol (70 % isopropyl alcohol),
  - 9.3.3 White mineral oil (medicinal grade),
  - 9.3.4 Sodium hydroxide solution (5 % NaOH),
  - 9.3.5 Household ammonia solution (5 % NH<sub>4</sub>OH),
  - 9.3.6 Household bleach (5.25 % NaOCl),
  - 9.3.7 Olive oil (light),
  - 9.3.8 Kerosene (K1),
  - 9.3.9 Unleaded gasoline (regular grade),
  - 9.3.10 Phenol (5 % active phenol), and
  - 9.3.11 Povidone Iodine (10 % free Iodine solution).

Note 2—The basic chemicals are representative of those likely to be found in residential, commercial, and institutional use. Many proprietary compounds contain one or more of these basic chemicals. Should the flooring for an unusual application need to be resistant to a specific chemical, this additional requirement should become part of the procurement document.